SAVANNA

Leverage Intelligence with Savanna Occurrences and Maps

Savanna is a model-enabled, open standards, multi-source analysis platform. Savanna's collaborative workspace provides the ideal environment for analyzing and anticipating risks within complex, interconnected systems and social orders.

Savanna's unique, model-based approach is ideal for analyzingincidents that precede and suggest potential outcomes. Models enable analysts to identify emerging signatures of a risk or threat before the threat materializes. Savanna's modeling tools provide a foundation for capturing changing tactics, techniques and procedures (TTPs), terms used by intelligence analysts to describe the modus operandi of event participants. By nature, TTPs are not easily defined, and involve multiple, ever-changing systems presenting sparse, inconsistent data. Models in Savanna are flexible, allowing analysts to define new TTPs, update information to reflect evolving situations, and view problems from different angles.

With Savanna's dynamic Occurrence documents, analysts can quickly add new discoveries and pull on existing data to connect information in a problem-specific context. They can then work with Occurrences on Maps in multiple ways for fully connected geospatial visualization and discovery.

Connect Information with Occurrence and Map
Occurrences are the problem-specific building blocks of an information network that any Savanna user can access and add to. With Occurrence templates, analysts can set requirements, define important fields and identify information gaps. These templates capture problem-specific information in a uniform way, eliminating redundancy and creating a common analytical framework that analysts can build on. Occurrences are fully sourced and linked between related profiles, allowing users to easily navigate between connected information.

Visualize geographic data from Analyst's Notebook in Savanna's enterprise-level mapping tool. Using Analyst's Notebook geographic data or a comma-separated values file containing geographic coordinates, analysts can create and stylize maps to complement their analysis. Automated mapping of data sets facilitates visualization of large quantities of geographic information while customization tools allow the user to modify colors, base layers, and data visibility.
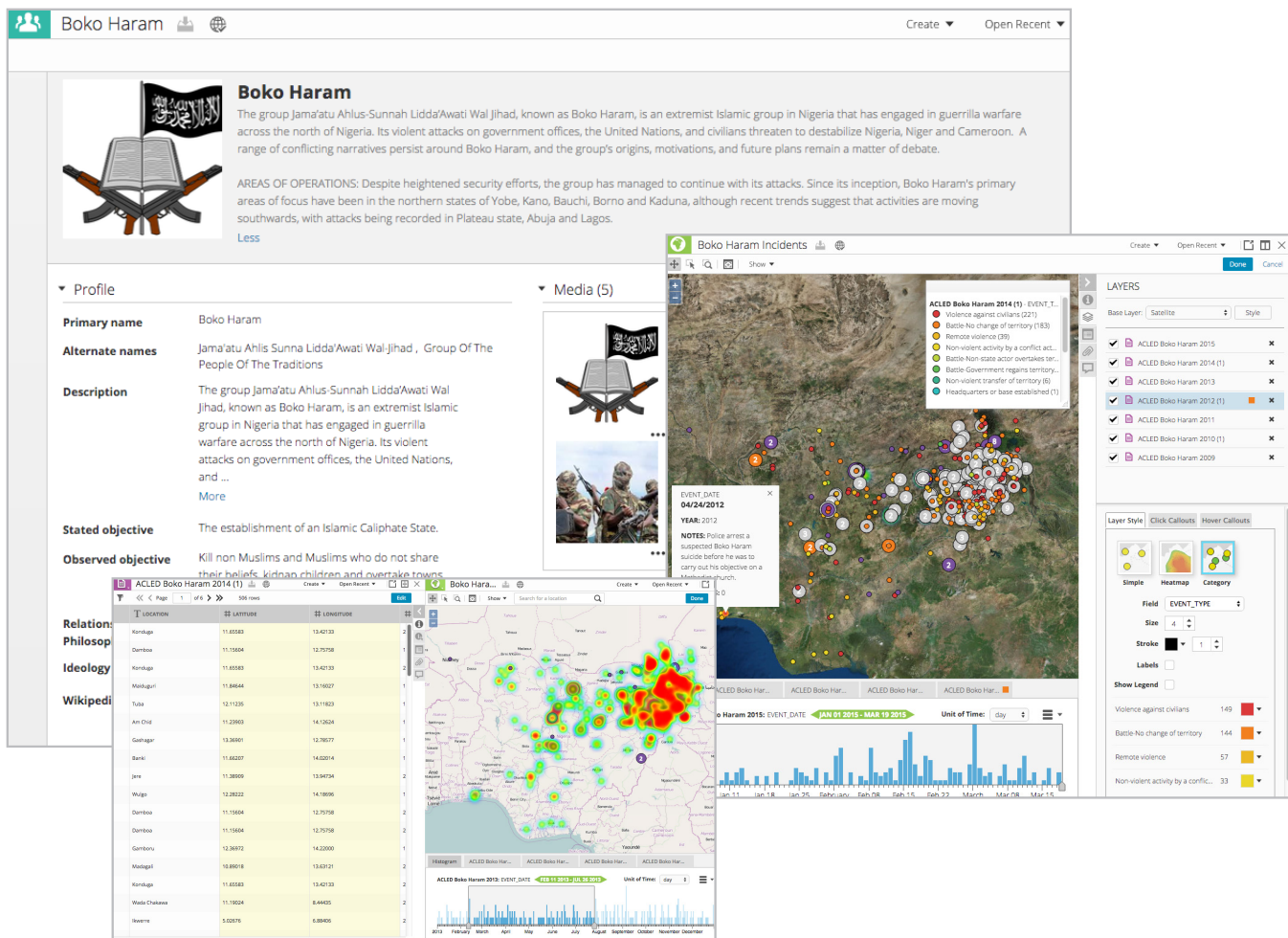
Connect relationships and data in Occurrence

Analyst's can map unstructured data into Savanna to autopopulate Occurrences, enabling the seamless utilization of relevant information between data sources.

Alternative names link to a single origin Occurrence for quick search and discovery. Search Savanna's enterprise knowledge base in any language to find and connect to the original Occurrence.

Dynamic tagging is a quick identifier of relevant and appropriate information specific to a type of Occurrence, following patterns of existing tagged intelligence with type-ahead features.

Visualize geographical data in Maps

Analysts can link Occurrences to Maps inside Savanna for fully connected analysis in a geospatial context, with visability settings and filters to view the most relevant data.

Events outline the history of an Occurrence, linking participants and organizations together and connecting People, Place, and Organization Occurrences to a timeline of events that can be visualized as data points on a Map.

Analysts can connect information from a Map to an Occurrence. Link points on a Map to events in an Occurrence for a complete and connected information network.